#### European Resource Adequacy Assessment 2023 – Results and key messages

#### 10 January 2024



Kristof Sleurs, Steering Group Member Lazaros Exizidis, ERAA 2023 Project Manager Moderated by: Lukas Galdikas, adequacy specialist.



# Welcome to the workshop!

#### Instructions:



#### sli.do Interaction

- Ask questions directly through sli.do
- Connection details explained on next slide

#### Log-in Process

- Enter your name and company details
- Follow on-screen prompts for a seamless log-in

Vote for the most relevant questions on

Moderators will select top questions for



**Active Participation** 

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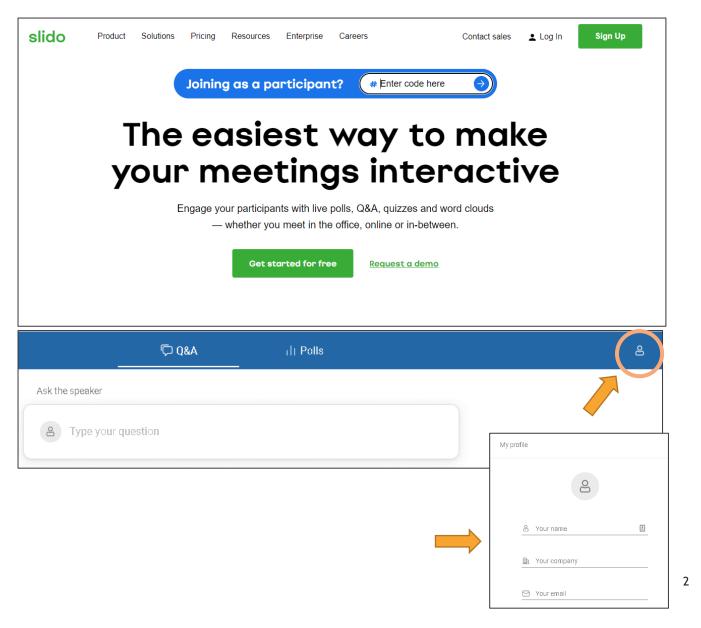
speakers

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- iteraction Features
- Teams "chat" and "hand raising" features will not be used
- Focus on sli.do for a streamlined experience

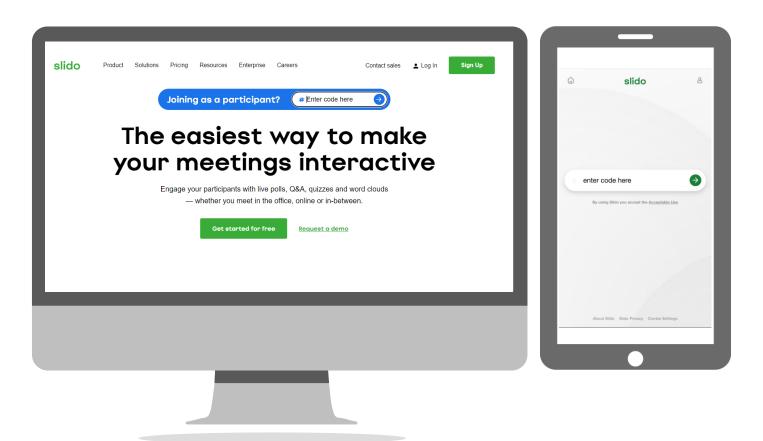
#### Recap & Questions

- Questions? Recap on sli.do.
- The webinar will be recorded for future reference.



# Submit your questions on Slido

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#### Agenda



#### **Context and Key Takeaways** . . . . . . . . . . . .

Kristof Sleurs



#### ERAA 2023 input data and methodological improvements . . . . . . . . . . . .

Lazaros Exizidis



#### **ERAA 2023 Outcomes**

Lazaros Exizidis



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**Next Steps** 





# **Context and Key Takeaways**



Kristof Sleurs, Steering Group Member





# Background

ERAA is an ENTSO-E legal mandate (<u>Article 23 of Electricity Regulation</u>), which
aims to identify resource adequacy concerns by assessing adequacy of the electricity system to supply current and projected demands.

It is a full pan-European monitoring assessment of power system resource adequacy, unique on its kind, based on a state-of-the-art probabilistic analysis, looking up to a decade ahead.

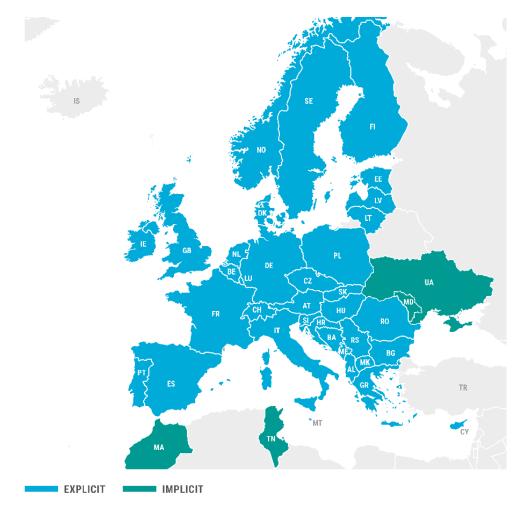
Stepwise implementation of the methodology already began with ERAA 2021, with new improvements in the methodology in each edition (<u>2022</u>, <u>2021</u>).

ERAA 2023 aims to be an effective tool to identify adequacy risks, and includes
 an enhanced Economic Viability Assessment and advanced Flow-Based
 market coupling incorporated in the central reference scenarios.

By proactively and factually identifying any system adequacy challenges, ERAA supports decision-makers in ensuring secure, affordable and sustainable energy to citizens and industries.

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#### The interconnected European power system modelled in ERAA 2023



| Explicitly modelled member countries/regions and study zones |   |  |                                 |  |  |
|--|---|--|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Albania (AL00)   | Estonia (EE00)                                      | Lithuania (LT00)                       | Romania (RO00)                  |  |  |
| Austria (AT00)   | Finland (FI00)                                      | Luxembourg (LUG1,<br>LUB1, LUV1, LUF1) | Serbia (RS00)                   |  |  |
| Belgium (BE00, BEOF)   | France (FR00)                                       | Republic of North<br>Macedonia (MK00)  | Slovakia (SK00)                 |  |  |
| Bosnia and Herzegovina (BA00)                                | Germany (DE00, DEKF)                                | Malta (MT00)                           | Slovenia (SIOO)                 |  |  |
| Bulgaria (BG00)  | Greece (GR00, GR03)                                 | Montenegro (ME00)                      | Spain (ES00)                    |  |  |
| Croatia (HR00)   | Hungary (HU00)                                      | Netherlands (NL00,<br>NLLL)            | Sweden (SE01, SE02, SE03, SE04) |  |  |
| Cyprus (CY00)  | Ireland (IE00)                                      | Norway (N0N1, NOM1, NOSO)              | Switzerland (CH00)              |  |  |
| Czech Republic (CZ00)  | Italy (ITN1, ITCN, ITCS,<br>ITS1, ITCA, ITSA, ITSI) | Poland (PL00)                          | United Kingdom (UK00, UKNI)     |  |  |
| Denmark (DKW1, DKE1, DKKF, DKNS, DKBH)                       | Latvia (LV00)                                       | Portugal (PT00)                        |                                 |  |  |

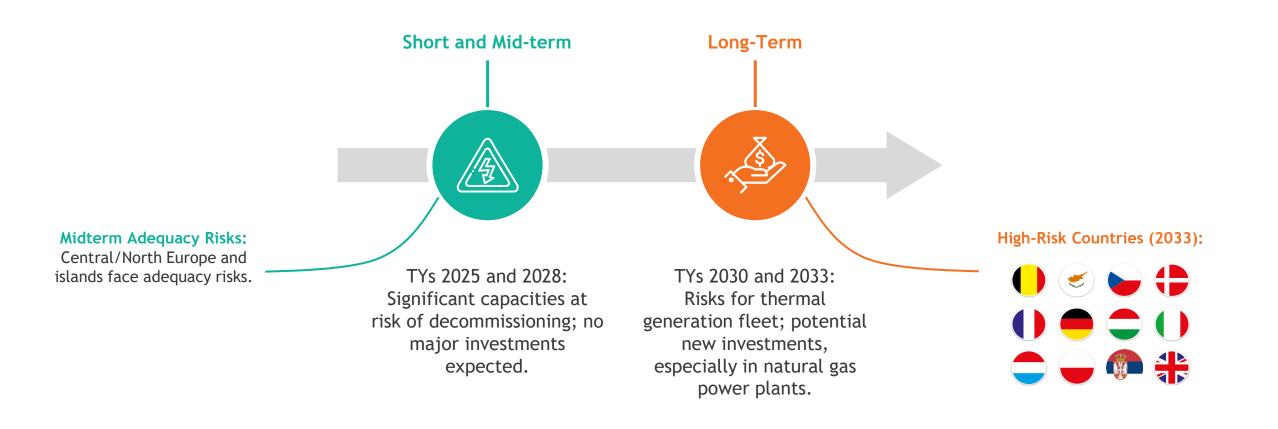
#### Non-explicitly modelled neighbouring countries/regions

| Morocco (MA00) - connected to ES00 | Tunisia (TN00) - connected to ITSI                |
|------------------------------------|---|
| Moldova (MD00) - connected to RO00 | Ukraine (UA00) - connected to SK00, PL00 and RO00 |

- Includes explicitly and non-explicitly modelled study zones
- New to ERAA 2023: energy islands in Denmark, the Netherlands and Belgium



#### ERAA 2023 main results considering the different time horizons



#### Key takeaways of the ERAA 2023

Continued importance of proactive measures, policy interventions, and strategic planning to ensure energy adequacy in the coming years.



Fossil-Fuelled Capacity at Risk (Next 5 Years): High volumes are at risk of becoming economically nonviable in the next five years. To avoid adequacy risks, the right incentives/interventions will be necessary.



Regional Coordination: Adequacy depends on neighboring countries, stressing the importance of regional coordination.



Flexibility: Growing variability in supply requires the implementation of new flexibility tools that facilitate the management of demand.



Gas vs. Coal Dynamics: The merit order puts more pressure on gas technologies in 2025, while the trend is inverted from 2028 (bringing gas before coal in the merit order)



#### **ERAA 2023 – Input data and methodological improvements**



Lazaros Exizidis, ERAA 2023 Project Manager



# **Key enhancements of ERAA 2023**



#### **Stakeholder interactions**

- Multiple consultations and webinars on input data, methodologies and results
- Integrating views into ERAA 2023 and next ERAAs

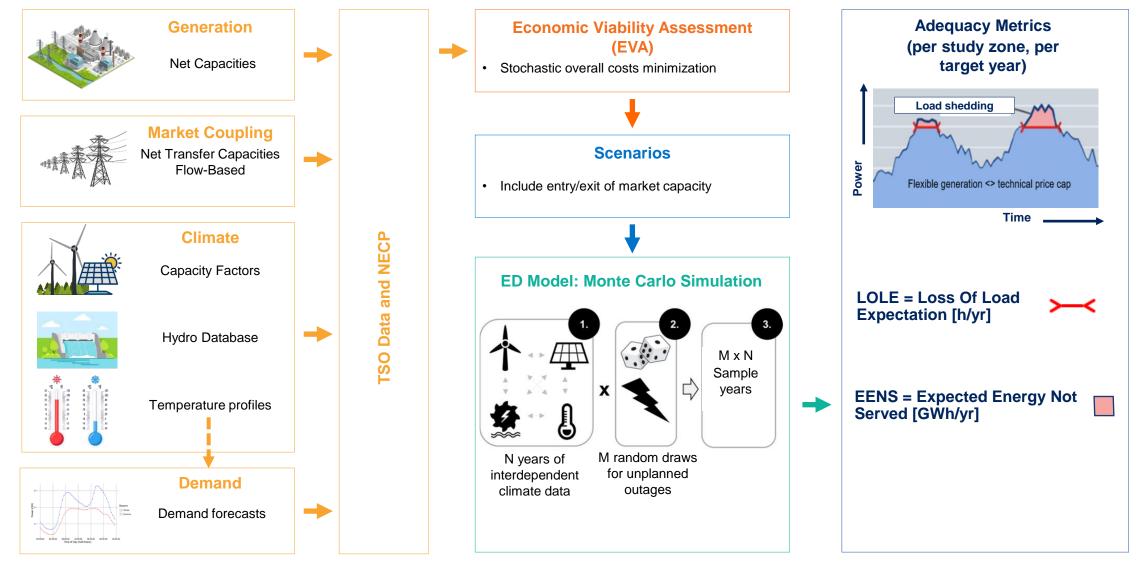


- Scenarios heading towards Fit for 55
- Enhanced EVA with single-step, multi-year approach
- Flow-based in central scenarios, expanded to reflect additional projects
- EVA network modelling is brought closer to the adequacy model
- DSR, storage and electrolysers considered

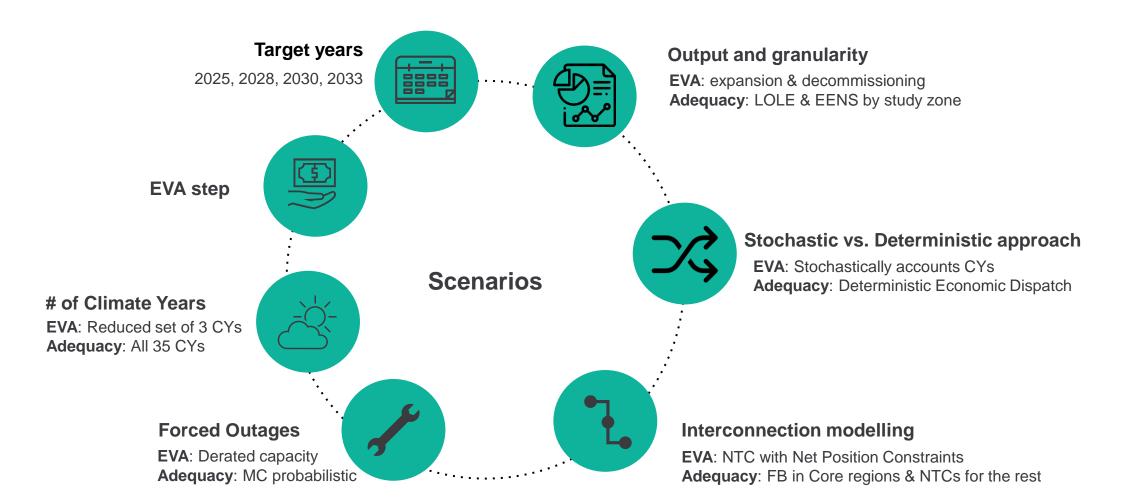




# The ERAA 2023 Process



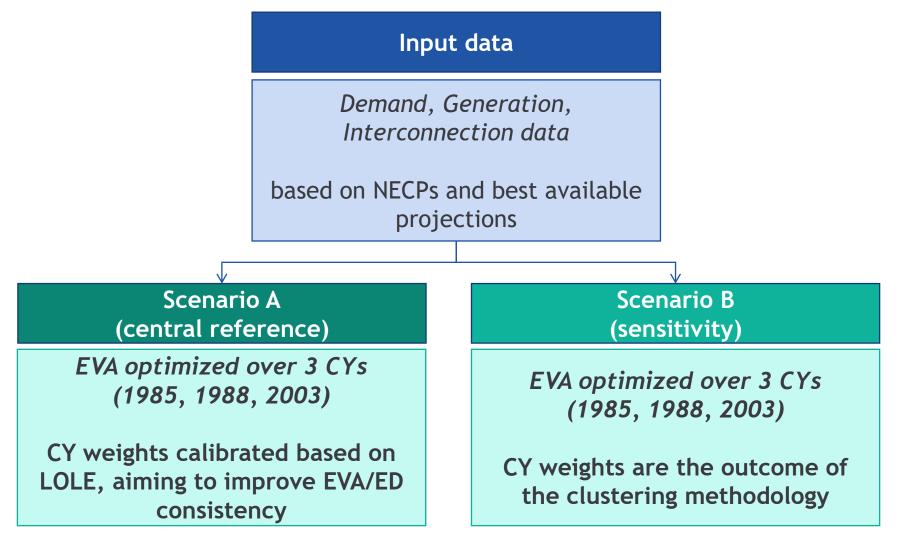
# The ERAA 2023 Scope





### **Scenario framework for ERAA 2023**

Two complementary scenarios: apply the EVA over the same Climatic Years (CYs) but using different weights per scenario. Each set of weights reflects different investment reactions to price volatility.



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#### ERAA 2023 - Outcomes



Lazaros Exizidis, ERAA Project Manager



# Scenario A / Central reference



#### **EVA results – Scenario A / Central reference**

The National Estimates scenarios contain existing units as well as units in various planning/construction stages

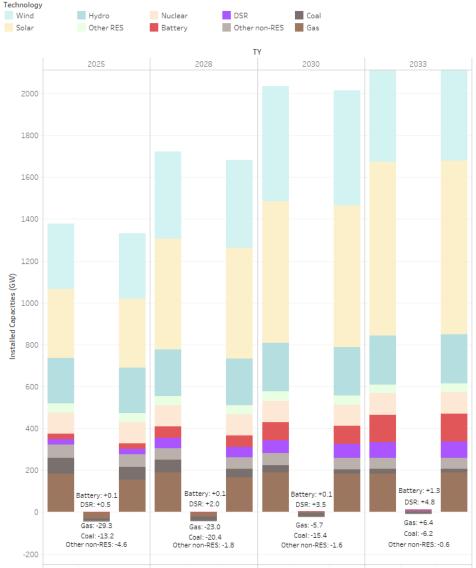
Economic decommissioning is the biggest trend when compared with the National Estimates

New Entry includes small capacity of batteries but a growing development of DSR, as well as gas power plants over the TYs



Gas technologies experience these trends:

- Highest decommissioning capacity compared to other technologies, with growing decommissioning over time
- New Entry from TY 2028 and life extension from 2025
- High mothballing in TY 2025, decreasing to 0 by 2033

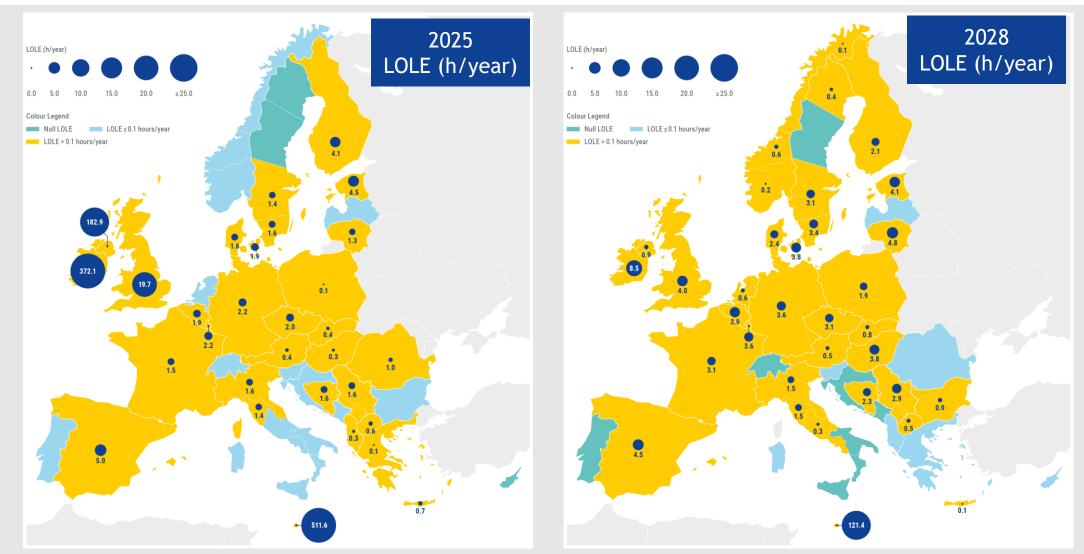


 National
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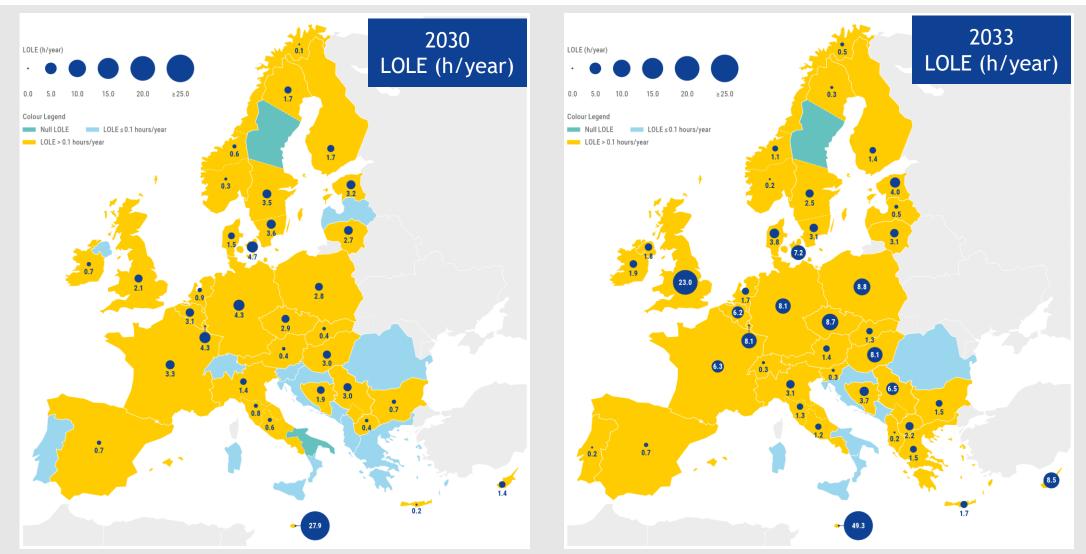
#### Adequacy results – Scenario A / Central reference

Adequacy risks appear in most European countries in Scenario A and the margins are tight. The scarcity risks tend to shift from the peripheral areas of Europe in 2025 to the central parts of the continent by 2033



### Adequacy results – Scenario A / Central reference (cont.)

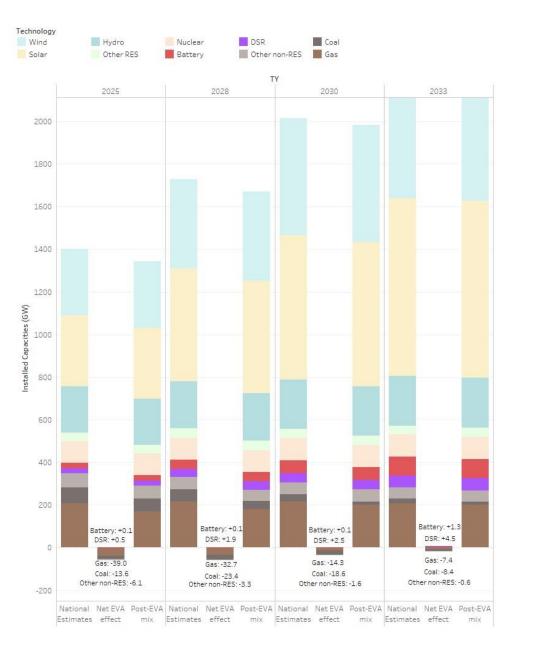
Adequacy risks appear in most European countries in Scenario A and the margins are tight. The scarcity risks tend to shift from the peripheral areas of Europe in 2025 to the central parts of the continent by 2033



# Scenario B / Sensitivity



#### **EVA results - Scenario B / Sensitivity**



New Entry includes small capacity development of DSR and Battery, as well as gas power plants over the TYs

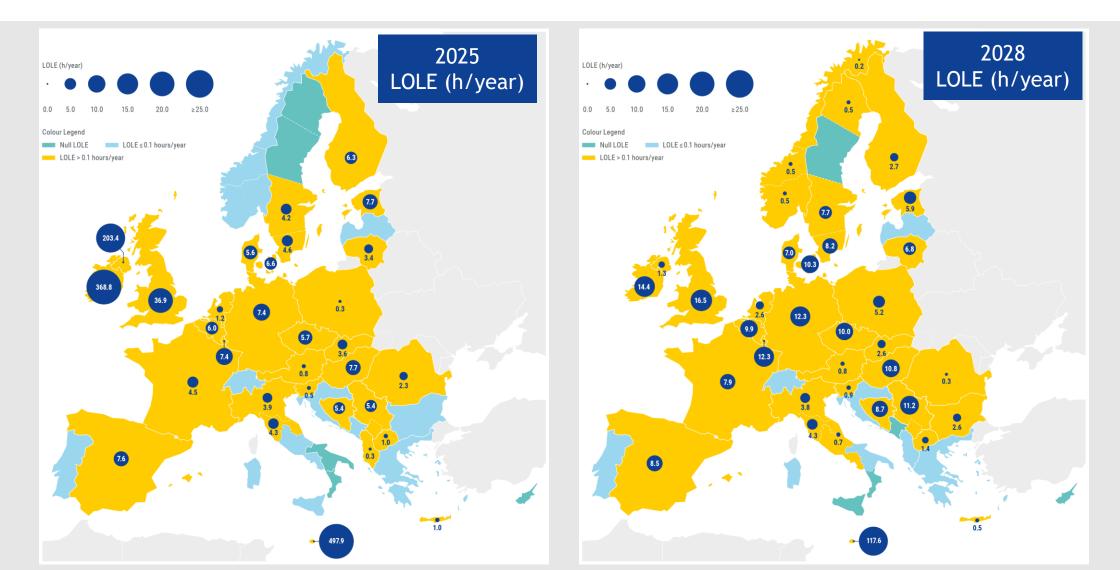


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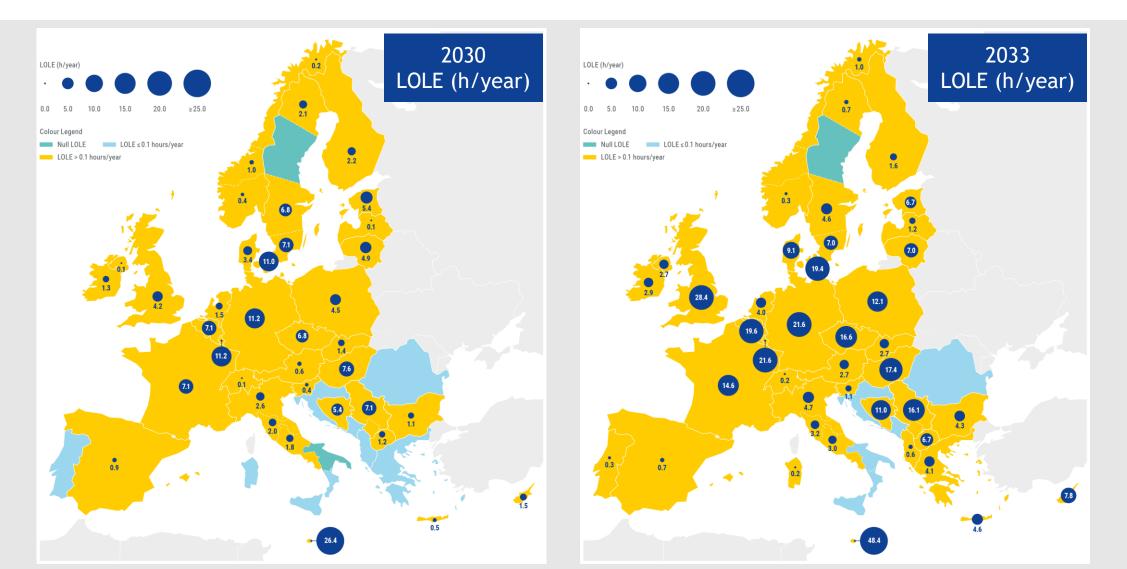
#### Adequacy results – Scenario B / Sensitivity

Adequacy risks are higher across Europe in this scenario and increase as we move from the short to mid-term.



### Adequacy results – Scenario B / Sensitivity (cont.)

In 2033, LOLE increases significantly in all the geographical perimeter, but mostly in the central and north of Europe.



#### **Next Steps**



Kristof Sleurs, Steering Group Member



# **ERAA Implementation: towards the fourth edition**

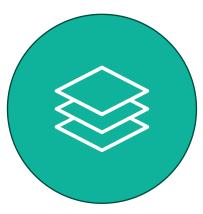
| ERAA<br>2021                         | ERAA<br>2022                          | ERAA<br>2023  | ERAA<br>2024                   |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|
| Target years                         |                                       |   |                                |
|                                      |                                       |   |                                |
| Economic Viability Assessment        |                                       |   |                                |
| Deterministic for CYs                | Stochastic in steps                   | Single-step multiyear stochastic<br>with perpetuity | Enhance CYs, FB implementation |
| Flow-based market coupling           |                                       |   |                                |
| Proof of concept                     | FB for CORE in the reference scenario | FB for CORE + kick-off for Nordics                  | Nordics included               |
| Local Matching & Curtailment sharing | !                                     |   |                                |
|                                      | First implementation                  | Robust methodology & implementation                 |                                |
| Climate change impact                |                                       |   |                                |
| Original PECD                        | Temperature detrended PECD PECD v4.0  |   | PECD v4.0                      |



#### ERAA 2024 on its way



Target Years ERAA 2024 will focus on Target Years 2026, 2028, 2030, 2035



Data Collection Data collection ongoing through TSOs



Call for Evidence Call for evidence planned end February 2024





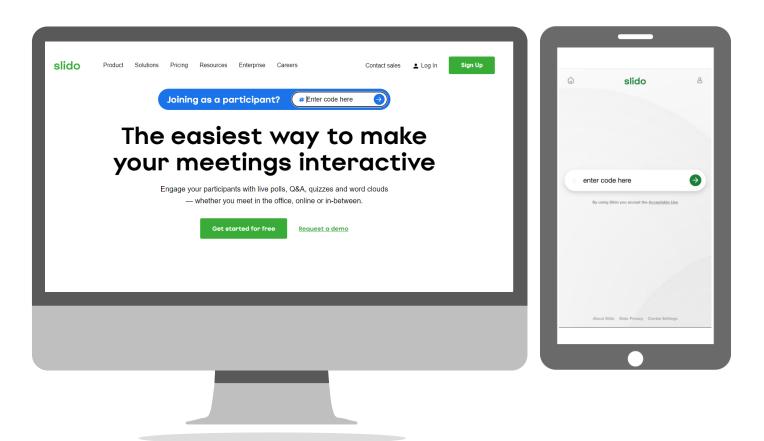


Lukas Galdikas, moderator



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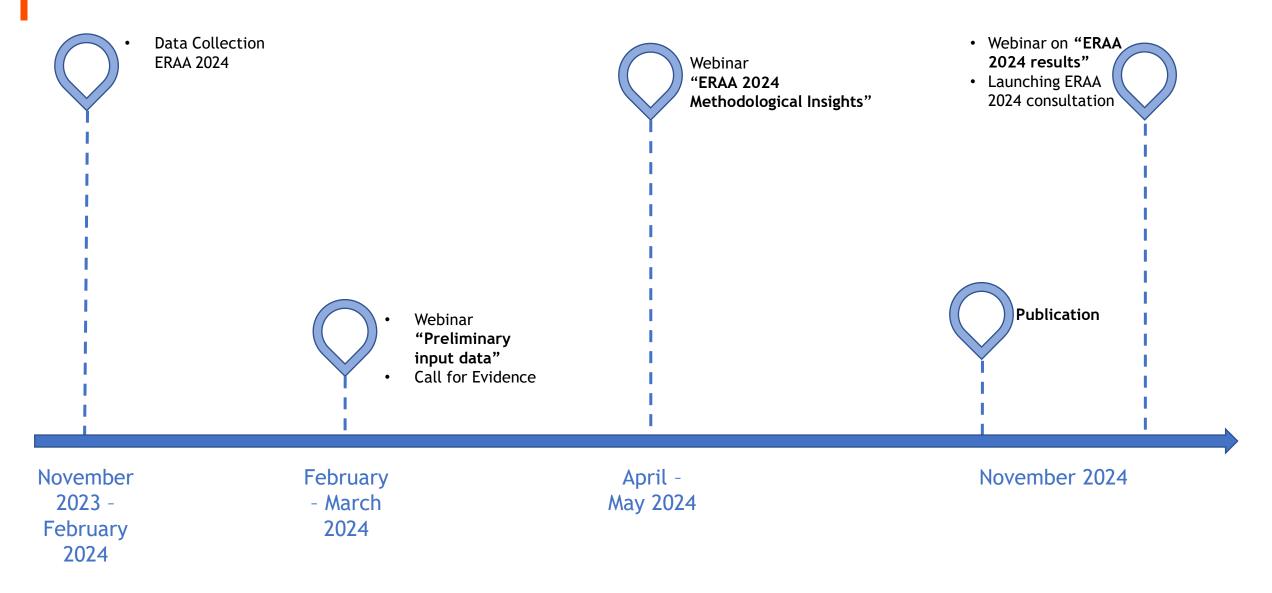
### Public consultation – share your feedback on the ERAA 2023

Why your views matter

- ENTSO-E relies on the contributions of stakeholders to develop the ERAA.
- ENTSO-E has regularly consulted with stakeholders during the development of this 2023 assessment.
- ENTSO-E now organizes a public consultation of stakeholders to gather feedback on the ERAA 2023 report and further the improvement of the ERAA.
- ENTSO-E consults stakeholders to fulfill legal requirements.



### Milestones and public interactions for ERAA 2024

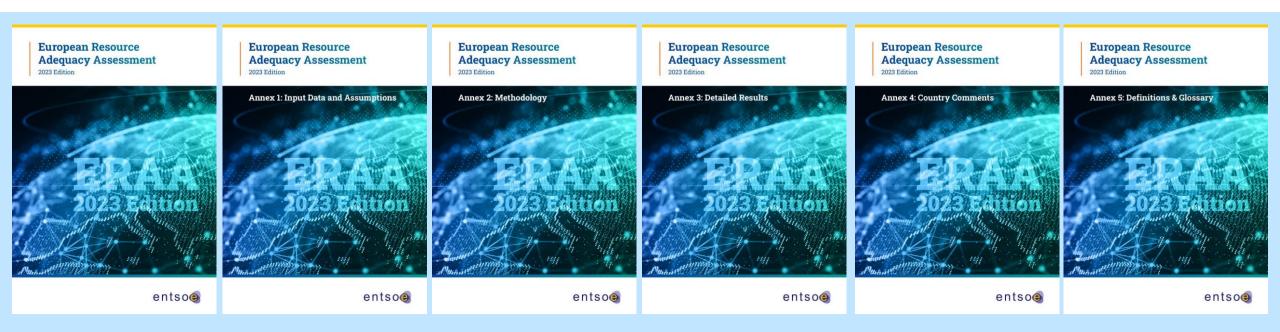


#### The ERAA 2023 is available on our website!

ERAA 2023 Publication

OR Scan the QR code







Our values define who we are, what we stand for and how we behave. We all play a part in bringing them to life.



We are ENTSO-E